UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- <u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures \geq 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.
- Units Deduct one mark for each incorrect or missing unit from an answer that would otherwise gain all the marks available for that answer: maximum 1 per question.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper			
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1	(a)		ts correctly plotted ±½ small square line of best fit for candidate's points		B1 B1			
	(b)	 (i) candidate's correct value with unit (± 0.2), (expect 1.2N) (ii) remains stationers (nothing boundary (no second ratio NOT constant speed) 						
	(c)	(ii) remains stationary / nothing happens / no acceleration NOT constant speed Correct data from candidates graph for ΔF and Δm , used in $\Delta F/\Delta m$						
	(d)	(i) <i>F</i> =	ma in any form, letters, words		B1			
		 (ii) gradient = F/a OR gradient = m ignore m=F/a candidate's (c) with correct unit 						
	(e)	straight	line of positive gradient		B1	[9]		
2	(a)	distance/height AND tape measure/(metre) rule(r) weight OR load OR force AND balance/scale(s) OR newton-meter/spring balance/force meter time AND watch/clock/timer						
	(b)	power = work/time OR energy/time in any form OR <i>Pt</i> words or numbers seen anywhere e.g. 528 x 5 (work =) force × distance in any form 11						
	(c)	efficiency = E_{out}/E_{in} OR P_{out}/P_{in} seen anywhere, clearly identified OR 520 × (20/11) × 5 OR (work done =) 800 × 20 × 0.3 OR 800 × 20 × 30 OR 4800 (J) OR 720 (J) (energy used =) 32,000 J						

	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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3	(a) (i)	sma	ller because <u>area</u> smaller		B1	
	(ii)	sma	ller because depth/height smaller ignore less wat	ter	B1	
	(b) (i)	<i>hр</i> д 1.2 >	OR 12 × 1000 × 10 < 10 ⁵ Pa OR 1.1772 × 10 ⁵ Pa OR 1.176 × 10 ⁵ Pa a	accept N/m ²	C1 A1	
	(ii)) candidate's (i) + 1.0 × 10 ⁵ Pa correctly evaluated with unit (correct value 2.2 × 10 ⁵)				
	(iii)	p₁V₁ 1.1 c	$= p_2 V_2$ in any form		C1	
			$0.5 \times \text{candidate's}$ (ii)/10 ⁵ correctly evaluated		A1	
	(iv) value in (iii) too small OR volume larger o.w.t.t.e.				B1	[8]
4			variable resistor AND control/vary/change/ limit resistance/power/voltage across heater		B1	
	(b) (i)	P = 1.25	VI in any form OR (I=) P/V A		C1 A1	
	(ii)) <i>V/I</i> in any form words or numbers age across X =) 2.4 (V) OR 6 - 3.6 (V) Ω e.c.f. from (b) (i)		C1 C1 A1	
		battery running down/going flat/energy <u>of battery</u> used up OR V or e.m.f. less OR more/increasing resistance (of heater) NOT resistance of X increases		B1		
	(d) (i)	trans	sformer condone step-up OR potential divider/poten	ntiometer NOT ext	ras B1	
	(ii)	diod	e OR rectifier OR L.E.D. NOT extras		B1	[9]

	Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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5	(a) (i) pote	potential difference OR e.m.f. OR voltage ignore volts			
	(ii) freq	uency accept cycles/s ignore waves/s	· all 3	B1	
	(iii) pow				
	(b) (i) case	B1			
	(ii) elec live	else B1 B1			
	(N	eaters i /I0 if no ne swit	M1			
		R on	A1			
		special case: heaters in series with supply and <u>one</u> switch shorting out <u>one</u> resistor AND another switch in series with supply				[6]
6	(a) A	A and C			B1	
	(b) (i) 4.2	× 10 ¹⁰ years		B1	
	(ii	 (ii) idea of decay OR changes proton/neutron/nucleon number OR change into another nuclide/isotope/element/type of atom OR emits α/β particle (ignore γ / radiation) 				
	(iii	(iii) idea of insignificant change in activity during stated time up to 5 × 10 ⁹ yea OR experiment time insignificant c.f. 1.4 × 10 ¹⁰ years OR long half life OR long time to decay			ars B1	[4]

	Page 6			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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7		sho ang sin <i>i</i> ,	wn in Ies <i>i 8</i> /sin <i>r</i> (ine ray/beam shone into (glass) block / pins appropri n diagram or described & <i>r</i> or <i>C</i> measured OR correct <i>i</i> & <i>r</i> or <i>C</i> marked on o OR sin <i>r</i> /sin <i>i</i> OR 1/sin <i>C</i> OR sin <i>C</i> ed in air/speed in glass OR <i>c</i> / <i>v</i> = sin <i>i</i> /sin <i>r</i> OR <i>n</i> = 1/s	diagram	B1 B1 B1 nC B1	
	(b)	(i)	0.00	<i>f</i> λ OR 240/1.9 × 10 ⁵ OR <i>T=d/s</i> AND <i>f</i> =1/ <i>T</i> 0126 Hz OR 0.0013 Hz NOT 0.0012 Hz ore more than 3 s.f. accept s ⁻¹		B1 A1	
	((ii)	dista (time (time	ance = speed × time in any form accept $s = 2d/t$ e for tremor =) 240 (s) or 4 mins also gives first C ² e for tsunami =) 2500 (s) or 41 mins 40 s also give rning time =) 2260 (s) or 37 mins 40 s		C1 C1 C1 A1	[10]
8	(a)	(i)		l (internal) reflection OR reflection but no refraction/o le (of incidence} > critical angle	doesn't emerge	B1 B1	
	((ii)		al reflection + 0 or 1 further reflection only, not at low at be straight and reach within 1cm of end	•		
	(b)	(i)		ds easily/less likely to break (ignore stronger) OR sm e detail/greater resolution/see smaller objects/wider	-	B1	
	((ii)	light	t travels down/along/through fibres		B1	
	(i	iii)	light	t/image returns up/along/through fibres ignore came	ras	B1	[6]
9	(a)	(i)	dowi dowi	/n OR anti-clockwise		B1	
	((ii)		is parallel to the field/doesn't cut field or vice-versa/n ore BC not perpendicular to field	ot at angle to field	B1	
				es moving/turning NOT reverse/other direction noving things continue moving OR reference to Net	ewton's Laws	M1	
			R reference to momentum/KE/inertia NOT reference to force still acting			A1	

	Page 7			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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	(c)	iron incre stro sma curv mor pole	e turr core ease nger aller a ved po e effi es clo split-	B1 [5]			
10	(a)	rele	ase c	of electrons due to heating/high temperature	/heater	B1	
	(b)	ano clos	des e ed tu	-plates labelled either order, labelled, either plates/cylinders be of sensible shape hode AND anode(s) AND X- & Y- plates,		B1 B1 orrect	
		orde labe	correct	B1			
	(c)	OR OR	cha cha	current in filament/cathode/heater IGNORE nge temperature/heat/power/energy of filan nge cathode-anode p.d./voltage nge charge/voltage of grid		B1	
	(d)	(i)		Q/ <i>t</i> _in any form 19 A_OR_1.9 × 10 ⁻³ A_OR_1.9 mA		C1 A1	
		(ii)		<i>VIt</i> OR VQ in any form, words, symbols, nι J OR candidate's <i>I</i> × 100 000 correctly e		C1 A1	[9]
11	(a)	(<i>l</i> =)		1.2 × 10 ⁴ × 9 OR 1.2 × 10 ⁴ × (11 − 2) OR <i>E</i> /0.36 OR <i>Pt/m</i> OR <i>Pt</i> /0.36 /kg		C1 C1 A1	
	(b)	(i)	liquio	d ignore vapour/gas/water	_	A1	
		(ii)	igno move brea attra	e around more rapidly / faster / more KE re start to vibrate etc but accept starts to v e further apart / spreads out (NOT molecule k free / evaporate / overcome bonds / ove ction /escape / change state (accept boils) rection (current)	es expand) 🛛 😕 a	ny 2 B1	[6]